Managing Retroreflectivity

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SD LTAP





Managing Retroreflectivity

- 1. Assessment Methods
 - A. Visual Inspection Method
 - Calibrated Sign Procedure
 - Comparison Panel Procedure
 - Consistent Parameter Procedure
 - B. Measure Retroreflectivity Method
- 2. Management Methods
 - Control Signs
 - Blanket Replacement
 - Expected Sign Life

- Calibrated Sign Procedure
 - "Calibrate" eyes with calibration signs
 - Before leaving the yard, inspector visually inspects a representative of sign to *calibrate* their eyes.

- Calibrated Sign Procedure (con't)
 - Must have retroreflectivity levels <u>at least</u> that of MUTCD minimum retro values.
 - Mounted on rack or yard fence.
 - Covered when not in use to preserve values.



- Calibrated Sign Procedure (Con't)
 - Any Vehicle, any age inspector.
 - View rack with same vehicle to be used during inspection.
 - View calibration signs from inspection vehicle at typical viewing distance --- 100 to 600 feet --before leaving the yard.
 - Use low beams
 - Conduct evaluations at roadway speeds from travel lane.

- Calibrated Sign Procedure (Con't)
 - Look for signs <u>less bright</u> than the calibrated signs AND mark less bright for replacement.
 - Inventory of signs useful for marking replacements
 - Evaluate BOTH colors of the sign.

- Comparison Panel Procedure
 - Tie to minimum values by comparison panels.
 - Small panels at near desired retro.
 - Clipped to sign viewed from a distance.
 - Evaluate signs compared to panels.





- Comparison Panel Procedure (con't)
 - Panels must have retro level <u>at least</u> that of MUTCD minimum retro values.
 - Procedure must be done at night.
 - Any vehicle, any inspector age is OK.
 - The "initial" inspection occurs at roadway speeds with low beams.

- Comparison Panel Procedure (con't)
 - When a marginal sign is spotted,
 - Safely pull over to inspect the sign (w/ vest, etc)
 - Install comparison panel on the sign,
 - Evaluate from at least 25 feet,
 - Hold a flashlight near inspector's ear/eyes.
 - Evaluate BOTH colors on a sign.

Comparison Panel Procedure (con't)

- Use retroreflectometer to find signs at minimum levels.
- Cut panels from these signs
- No known supplier of the panels.

Use flashlight at NIGHT at minimum distance – 25 Ft.



- Consistent Parameter Procedure
 - Simulates conditions of research FHWA used for developing minimum retro levels - Key Assumptions.
 - Dark, rural, straight, flat roadway.
 - No ambient light, glare, or visual complexity.
 - Inspector needs to be at least 60 years old.

- Consistent Parameter Procedure (con't)
 - SUV or Truck used to be equipped with VOA cutoff headlamps.
 - VOA = Visually Optically Aimable



- Inspection occurs at roadway speeds.
- Two person crew:
 - Driver
 - Inspector (60 yrs old) judges signs.

- Measure Sign Retroreflectivity
 - Uses portable hand-held instrument
 - Receive proper training
 - Consistent protocol
 - Compare reading to minimum values
 - Measure in-service signs, comparison panels, or calibration signs.
 - Measurement done annually or every other year.

Measure Sign Retroreflectivity (con't)





North Central Local Roads Conference

- Measure Sign Retroreflectivity (con't)
 - Note each type of sheeting.
 - Measure each color.
 - Multiple measurements & compute average.
 - Develop a measurement protocol.
 - Use an inventory.

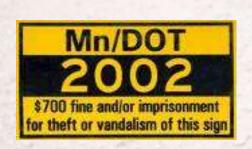
Three management methods:

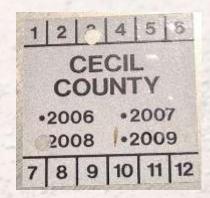
- 1. Control Signs
- 2. Blanket Replacement
- 3. Expected Sign Life

- Control Signs
 - Based on measurements of a set of <u>control</u> <u>signs.</u>
 - Control signs can be in-service signs or signs in yard orientated similar to those they represent.
 - Periodically monitor control signs.
 - As control signs approach minimum levels it is time to replace.

- Blanket Replacement
 - All signs in a <u>specific area</u> are replaced at the same time when the effective <u>service life</u> is reached.
 - Geographic area
 - Route or corridor
 - Jurisdiction
 - All signs of a <u>specific type</u> are replaced at the same time when the effective <u>service life</u> is reached.
 - Advantage --- All signs replaced
 - Disadvantage --- Potential waste

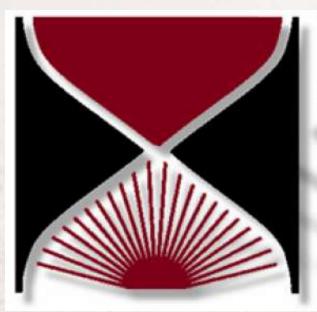
- Expected Sign Life
 - Find the life of the sheeting in your area.
 - Expected life based on:
 - Warranty information.
 - Measure in-field signs, removed signs or control signs with known install date and compare to minimum levels.
 - Use data from weathering rack.







- AASHTO Data:
 - http://www.ntpep.org



AASHTO's National Transportation Product Evaluation Program

Managing Retroreflectivity

- More Information/Resources:
- Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) 2009 Edition.
- www.fhwa.dot.gov/retro
- Colorado LTAP
- Maintaining Traffic Sign Retroreflectivity FHWA-SA-07-020.

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